, ,	& John ou		VITAL STATISTICS	9378	
∥ a	ACE OF DEATH Frau		strict No. File No. Registered	· . = '	
	O P	(No			
11) Residence, No	w v //a	New Yeard.	***************************************	
li e	(Usual place of abode) of residence in city or town where d		(If nonresident giv mos. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth?	re city or town and State) yrs. mos. ds.	
<u> </u>	PERSONAL AND STATIST		Z MEDICAL CERTIFICATE	OF DEATH	
3. SEX	4. COLOR OR RACE	5. Single, Married, Widowed Divorced (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 17.	march 11 197	
HU	JARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED SBAND OF WIFE OF Polyar	m Martin	that I last saw h	197) and th	
6. DATE	OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEARS MONTHS	DAYS II LESS than day,hr		mhaer /	
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED			16 11 16 18 18		
(a) part	Trade, profession, or Relicion	ed merchant	(duration)		
besi	General nature of industry, ness, or establishment in th employed (or employer)	itived	CONTRIBUTORY. (SECONDARY)		
 	Name of employer RO	20f	18. Where was disease contracted	1	
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)			IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?		
10. N	10. NAME OF FATHER Jaspen W Martin		DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY		
N 11. E	STATE OR COUNTRY)	OR TOWN)	WHAT TEST COMPRISED DIAGNOSIST	whomph	
12. N	12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Many Demus		7/2, 192 (Address) Den River ma		
	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	or town)	*State the Disease Causing Death, or in dea (1) Means and Nature of Injury, and (2) wh Homicidal. (See reverse side for additional space.)	the from Violent Causes, state other Accidental, Suicidal, or	
11	IRMANT P. TMG	itim	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMO		
		~~~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	- #172-1111 P //Seese a. A. 3	M6 Mac 13 192	

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of .......... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor". for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Nover report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Homorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uromia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, celiulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetantus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.